Amendments to the Claims

Please cancel Claim 22.

The Claim Listing below will replace all prior versions of the claims in the application:

Claim Listing

- 1. (Previously presented) A method of treating glycogen storage disease type II in a human individual having glycogen storage disease type II, comprising administering to the individual a therapeutically effective amount of human acid α -glucosidase periodically at an administration interval, wherein the human acid α -glucosidase was produced in chinese hamster ovary cell cultures.
- 2. (Original) The method of Claim 1, wherein the glycogen storage disease type II is infantile glycogen storage disease type II.
- 3. (Original) The method of Claim 1, wherein the glycogen storage disease type II is juvenile glycogen storage disease type II.
- 4. (Original) The method of Claim 1, wherein the glycogen storage disease type II is adultonset glycogen storage disease type II.
- 5. (Original) The method of Claim 1, wherein the therapeutically effective amount of human acid α-glucosidase is less than about 15 mg of acid α-glucosidase per kilogram of body weight of the individual.
- 6. (Original) The method of Claim 5, wherein the therapeutically effective amount of human acid α-glucosidase is about 1-10 mg of acid α-glucosidase per kilogram of body weight of the individual.

- 7. (Original) The method of Claim 5, wherein the therapeutically effective amount of human acid α-glucosidase is about 5 mg of acid α-glucosidase per kilogram of body weight of the individual.
- 8. (Previously presented) The method of Claim 1, wherein the human acid α -glucosidase is recombinant human acid α -glucosidase that has been produced in chinese hamster ovary cell cultures.
- 9. (Previously presented) The method of Claim 1, wherein the human acid α-glucosidase is a precursor of recombinant human acid α-glucosidase that has been produced in chinese hamster ovary cell cultures.
- 10. (Previously cancelled)
- 11. (Previously presented) The method of Claim 1, wherein the administration interval is monthly.
- 12. (Previously presented) The method of Claim 1, wherein the administration interval is bimonthly.
- 13. (Previously presented) The method of Claim 1, wherein the administration interval is weekly.
- 14. (Previously presented) The method of Claim 1, wherein the administration interval is twice weekly.
- 15. (Previously presented) The method of Claim 1, wherein the administration interval is daily.

- 16. (Original) The method of Claim 1, wherein the human acid α -glucosidase is administered intravenously.
- 17. (Original) The method of Claim 1, wherein the human acid α -glucosidase is administered intramuscularly.
- 18. (Original) The method of Claim 1, wherein the human acid α -glucosidase is administered intrathecally or intraventricularly.
- 19. (Original) The method of Claim 1, wherein the human acid α -glucosidase is administered in conjunction with an immunosuppressant.
- 20. (Original) The method of Claim 19, wherein the immunosuppressant is administered prior to any administration of human acid α-glucosidase to the individual.
- 21. (Previously presented) A method of treating cardiomyopathy associated with glycogen storage disease type II in a human individual having glycogen storage disease type II, comprising administering to the individual a therapeutically effective amount of human acid α-glucosidase periodically at an administration interval, wherein the human acid α-glucosidase was produced in chinese hamster ovary cell culture
- 22. (Cancelled)
- 23. (Previously presented) The method of Claim 1, wherein the administration interval is varied over time.